

TEKNOPLAST 50 / 90 EPOXY SYSTEMS

7 27.2.2013

K36

| | | L | М | Н |
|--|------------|----|----|----|
| | C2 | 0 | | |
| | C3 | | | Zn |
| | C4 | 0 | Zn | Zn |
| | C 5 | Zn | Zn | Zn |

Coating systems for anti-corrosive painting on steel and zinc surfaces. The systems consist of chemically curing, solvent-borne two pack epoxy reactive paints. Semigloss TEKNOPLAST 50 or gloss TEKNOPLAST 90 can be used for the top coat.

STEEL SURFACES:

| Teknos Coating System Symbol | K36a | K36b | K36c | K36d | K36e | K36f |
|--|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|
| EN ISO 12944-5 (2007) symbol/ corrosivity category/ durability range | | A2.07/C2/H A3.08/C3/M | A3.09/C3/H | A4.08/C4/M | A4.09/C4/H | A5I.02/C5-I/H A5M.02/C5-M/H |
| EN ISO 12944-5 (1998) | S2.15/C2/M | S2.16/C2/H | S3.18/C3/H | S3.19/C3/H | S4.14/C4/H | S4.15/C4/H |
| symbol / corrosivity category / | S3.16/C3/L | S3.17/C3/M | S4.12/C4/L | S4.13/C4/M | S6.03/C5-I/H | S6.04/C5-I/H |
| durability range | | | S7.02/C5-M/L | | | S7.04/C5-M/H |
| The coating system structure: | EP120/2- FeSa 2½ | EP160/2- FeSa 2½ | EP200/3- FeSa 2½ | EP240/3- FeSa 2½ | EP280/4- FeSa 2½ | EP320/4- FeSa 2½ |
| TEKNOPLAST PRIMER 5 Epoxy Primer | 1 x 60 μm | 1 x 80 μm | 1 x 80 μm | 1 x 80 μm | 1 x 80 μm | 1 x 80 μm |
| TEKNOPLAST PRIMER 5 Epoxy Primer | - | - | 1 x 60 μm | 1 x 80 μm | 2 x 70 μm | 2 x 90 μm |
| TEKNOPLAST 50 or TEKNOPLAST 90 Epoxy Top Coat | 1 x 60 μm | 1 x 80 μm | 1 x 60 μm | 1 x 80 μm | 1 x 60 μm | 1 x 60 μm |
| Total film thickness | 120 µm | 160 µm | 200 μm | 240 μm | 280 μm | 320 μm |
| Coating system VOC, g/m² | 100 | 130 | 160 | 200 | 230 | 260 |

ZINC SURFACES:

| Teknos Coating System Symbol | K36g | K36h | K36i | K36j |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| EN ISO 12944-5 (2007) symbol/ corrosivity category/ durability range | | A7.11/C4/H A7.11/C5-I/M A7.11/C5-M/M | A7.11/C5-I/M A7.11/C5-M/M | A7.13/C5-I/H A7.13/C5-M/H |
| EN ISO 12944-5 (1998) symbol/ corrosivity category/ durability range | S9.10/C3/H S9.10/C4/M S9.10/C5-I/L S9.10/C5-M/L | S9.11/C4/H S9.11/C5-I/L S9.11/C5-M/M | S9.12/C4/H S9.12/C5-I/M S9.12/C5-M/H | S9.13/C4/H S9.13/C5-I/M S9.13/C5-M/H |
| The coating system structure: | EP120/2- ZnSaS | EP160/2- ZnSaS | EP240/3- ZnSaS | EP320/4- ZnSaS |
| TEKNOPLAST PRIMER 5 Epoxy Primer | 1 x 60 μm | 1 x 80 μm | 1 x 80 μm | 1 x 80 μm |
| TEKNOPLAST PRIMER 5 Epoxy Primer | - | - | 1 x 80 μm | 2 x 80 μm |
| TEKNOPLAST 50 or TEKNOPLAST 90 Epoxy Top Coat | 1 x 60 μm | 1 x 80 μm | 1 x 80 μm | 1 x 80 μm |
| Total film thickness | 120 µm | 160 µm | 240 μm | 320 μm |
| Coating system VOC, g/m² | 100 | 130 | 200 | 260 |

Example of the coating system marking: K36a - EN ISO 12944-5/ A2.06(EP120/2-FeSa $2\frac{1}{2}$).

USAGE

Protection for steel and zinc-coated surfaces exposed to atmospheric corrosion. Protection for steel surfaces subjected to chemical and mechanical abrasion.

| Teknos symbol | Typical use |
|-----------------|---|
| STEEL SURFACES: | |
| K36a | Steel structures under minor mechanical abrasion, such as building frames in corrosivity categories C2 and C3. |
| K36b | Protecting steel surfaces in corrosivity categories C2 and C3. |
| K36c | Protecting steel surfaces in corrosivity categories C2 and C3. |
| K36d | Suitable for steel surfaces exposed to special stresses. Corresponds to standards DIN 55928-T05-6-30.2 and BS 5493:1977; SK2. Corrosivity categories C3 and C4. |
| K36e | Protection for steel surfaces in corrosivity category C4. |
| K36f | Industrial steel structures exposed to exceptionally severe stress. Corrosivity categories C4 and C5. |
| ZINC SURFACES: | |
| K36g | Protection for hot-dip-galvanized surfaces indoors and outdoors in corrosivity categories C3, C4 and C5. |
| K36h | Protection for hot-dip-galvanized surfaces in corrosivity categories C4 and C5. |
| K36i | Protection for hot-dip-galvanized surfaces in corrosivity categories C4 and C5. |
| K36j | Protection for hot-dip-galvanized surfaces in corrosivity categories C4 and C5. |

Surface preparation Remove from the surfaces any contaminants that might be detrimental to surface preparation and painting. Remove also water-soluble salts by using appropriate methods. The surfaces are prepared according to the different materials as follows:

> Steel surfaces: Remove mill scale and rust by blast cleaning to preparation grade Sa 21/2 (standard ISO 8501-1). Roughening the surface of thin-plate improves the adhesion of the paint to the substrate.

> Zinc surfaces: Hot-dip-galvanized steel structures that are exposed to atmospheric corrosion can be painted if the surfaces are sweep blast-cleaned (SaS) till matt all over. Suitable cleaning agents are, e.g. aluminium oxide and natural sand. It is not recommended to paint galvanized objects that are subjected to immersion strain.

It is recommended that new zinc-coated thin-plate structures are treated with sweep blastcleaning (SaS). Surfaces that have been weathered to matt can be treated also with PELTI-PESU Cleaning Agent.

Aluminium surfaces: Treat the surfaces with PELTIPESU cleaning agent. Surfaces that are exposed to weathering are also roughened up with sweep blast-cleaning (AlSaS) or sanding.

Old painted surfaces suitable for overcoating: Any impurities that might be detrimental to the application of paint (e.g. grease and salts) are removed. The surfaces must be dry and clean. Old, painted surfaces that have exceeded the maximum overcoating time are to be roughened as well. Damaged parts are prepared in accordance with the requirements of the substrate and the maintenance coating.

The place and time of the preparation are to be chosen so that the prepared surface will not get dirty or damp before the subsequent treatment.

Additional instructive information for surface preparation can be found in standards EN ISO 12944-4 and ISO 8501-2.

Prefabrication **Primer**

The coating systems are compatible with KORRO E Epoxy Prefabrication Primer, KORRO SE Zinc Epoxy Prefabrication Primer and KORRO SS Zinc Silicate Prefabrication Primer.

Continues

Application

Stir the components of the paints thoroughly before use. Mix base and hardener with each other in the proportions given on the paint labels and stir the mixture thoroughly. Mix only an amount sufficient to be used within the pot life of the mixture.

Apply the paints preferably by airless spray, since only this method provides the recommended film thickness in a single operation. The temperature of the air and the surface as well as the relative air humidity during the application and drying period must conform to the figures given in the table. Higher temperatures speed up the drying process. The surface must be dry and free from dust.

The technical data of the paints are given in the table below and in the data sheets of the products.

Maintenance

Touch-up: Surfaces with rust grades Ri 1 to Ri 3 can be repaired by touching up. Remove flaking paint and rust from damaged areas by scraping and blast-cleaning. Extend the preparation over the edges of damages into the intact coating. If required, feather the edges of prepared areas. Touch up the prepared patches with the paints of the system to the original film thickness

If a uniform appearance is desired, the whole surface should be cleaned and then overcoated with the system's top coat.

Complete renewal: Surfaces with rust grade Ri 4 are to be repainted completely. Blast-clean the whole surface to grade Sa 2½ and paint from priming to top coat as for new work.

Technical Data

| Paint | TEKNOPLA | AST PRIMER 5 | TEKNOPL | AST 50 | TEKNOPL | AST 90 |
|--|--|----------------|--|---------------|--|---------------|
| Data Sheet No. | 918 | | 443 | | 857 | |
| Paint Type | two pack epoxy primer | | two pack epoxy paint | | two pack epoxy paint | |
| Colours | red, yellow, white and grey | | Teknomix-tinting system | | Teknomix-tinting system | |
| Finish | semi-matt | | semigloss | | gloss | |
| Thinner | TEKNOSOLV 9506 | | TEKNOSOLV 9506 | | TEKNOSOLV 9506 | |
| Methods of application | airless spray | | airless spray | | airless spray | |
| Airless spray nozzle | 0.013 - 0.019" | | 0.013 - 0.019" | | 0.011 - 0.013" | |
| - I | | +10 80 | | +10 80 | | |
| Safety markings | See Safety Data Sheet | | See Safety Data Sheet | | See Safety Data Sheet | |
| Volume solids | 53 ±2 | | 53 ±2 | | 53 ±2 | |
| Total mass of solids g/l | otal mass of solids g/l abt. 900 | | abt. 800 | | abt. 760 | |
| \ / | abt. 440 | | abt. 430 | | abt. 430 | |
| | 113 - 169 60 - 90 | | 113 - 150 60 - 80 | | 115 - 150 60 - 80 | |
| Theoretical spreading rate m²/l | retical spreading rate m²/l 8.8 - 5.9 8.8 - 6.0 | | 8.8 - 6.6 | | 8.8 - 6.6 | |
| Drying time, +23 ℃ / 50 % RH - dust free (ISO 9117-3:2010) - touch dry (DIN 53150:1995) Overcoatable, 50% RH | (dry film 60 μm) after 1 h after 4 h by itself or with TEKNOPLAST Top Coats: | | (dry film 60 μm) after 1 h after 4 h by itself: | | (dry film 60 μm) after 1 h after 4 h by itself: | |
| | min. | max.* | min. | max.* | min. | max.* |
| +10°C | after 6 h | after 6 months | after 6 h | after 1 month | after 6 h | after 1 month |
| +23°C | after 2 h | after 6 months | after 2 h | after 1 month | after 2 h | after 1 month |

^{*} Maximum overcoating interval without roughening.